

Tim Fredericks

ASIC 2016 REGIONAL CONFERENCES

Southeast, Southwest, Northeast, & California

American Society of Irrigation Consultants

ASIC 2016 – Northeast Regional Conference Pay Me now or Pay Me Later



Pay me now or Pay me later

Challenges in Owner understanding how to ascertain true nature of costs at the beginning of the project generally lead to dissatisfaction at the end of the project in either the Owner, Vender, and/or the Manufacturer

Irrigation Consultant is not listed as being dissatisfied

Owner Dissatisfaction

- Irrigation system not reliable and/or underperforming
- The effects of "Value-Engineering"
- Additional restoration costs
- Earlier than anticipated costs due to failures in hardware
- Poor relationship with Contractor/Distributor and/or Manufacturer

Contractor Dissatisfaction

- Did not make anticipated profit on job
- Poor reference upon completion
- Damaged relationship with Owner, Consultant and/or Vendor/Manufacturer
- Longer time to completion causing loss of future revenue

Vender/Manufacturer Dissatisfaction

- Did not make anticipated profit on job
- Poor reference upon completion
- Damaged relationship with Owner and Consultant
- "Soft" costs of having to ensure Owner is "happy" with the system once Contractor is gone – feel the effects of budgets for long after the project is completed

Budgeting Landmines effecting Actual Costs/Results

- Owner does not provide clear criterion to Consultant
- Owner cannot answer expected longevity question
- Ignoring the premise that Contractors/Suppliers need to make a reasonable profit
- Contingency is for once the digging starts
- "Value Engineering" is not a direct synonym for "reducing-costs"

In 2015, an irrigation upgrade is best thought of as an installing reliable cost-effective infrastructure that delivers water at constant pressure









Establishing an understanding that there is balance between the system cost and longevity of the hardware









Pay Me Now or Pay Me Later General Components of Irrigation System

- Central Irrigation Computer
- On-site control (Satellites/Decoders)
- Piping (Mainline and Laterals)
- Valves (Isolation and Drain)
- Wire (High Voltage, Communication, Field Control)
- Fittings and Restraints
- Sprinklers and Electric Valves
- Pumpstation, Wells, and Transfer Pumps
- Hard structure Pumphouse, Intake, and Wet Well
- Weather Station and Sensors
- As Built/Baseplan Drawing

Components of a System Possible Life-spans

Expected # of Years	Item			
2	Solar radiation and RH on WS			
3	Central Support and Warranty Service			
3-5*	Irrigation Central Computer (OEM)			
5*	comprehensive Base Plan/As-Built update			
5*	handheld radios			
10	central irrigation software package			
10-15*	pump turbine removal and over-hall			
12-20*	possible nozzle replacement			
15-20*	rotor gear drive replacement			
20-25	Satellite update and or replacement			
30-35*	sprinkler body replacement			
25-40*	Lateral pipe (3" and smaller) replacement			
25-40*	pump station replacement			

What is considered excessive or "not in the our budget?"



Factors/Choices Effecting Cost vs. Reliability Thrusting and Restraints Choices









Factors/Choices Effecting Cost and Life Expectancy

The Wide World of Valves

- Choose correct valve type (C515, C509, Resilient wedge, brass gate, swivel)
- Know the different type of valve connections (MJ, Push-on, PE HDPE)
- Use correct restraints with valves
- Make sure valves are supported
- Ensure valve is accessible
- Understand your water conditions
- Plan for phasing (type and location)
- Understand that with valves you get what you pay for

Factors/Choices Effecting Costs vs. Reliability Examples of Valving Choices









Factors/Choices Effecting Cost vs. Reliability Examples of Valving Choices









Factors/Choices Effecting Cost vs. Reliability Examples of Valving Choices









Future of Mainline Valving Choices





While lighter, better corrosion protection, easier to install but do you get what you pay for?

Longevity vs Budget Examples of Costly Decisions









Budgeting Strategy "Don't" Your only costing Yourself!

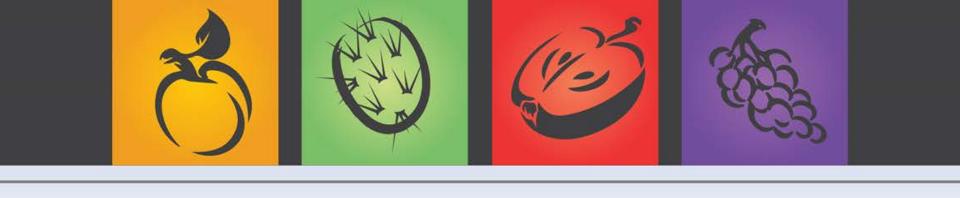
- Do not tell Contractor, Distributor, and/or any Vendor any budget expectations
- Do not forget who the Owner is purchasing the system from and its implication on budget
- Do not re-prioritize budget based "Other" influences
- Do not use neighbouring Club's project costs act as benchmark of a valid quote or bid
- Do not "budget" based on playing multiple
 Contractors against each other at the same time

Actions that can ensure costs are accurately reflected

- Get price to install system at agreed upon criterion and then set budget
- Have clear understanding of how cost reductions effect longevity and performance
- Banish concept of "value engineering" from discussion
- Understand what a reasonable profit represent to all parties (see example next slide!)

Material Description	Quantity	Unit	Manufacturer	Vender/Manufacturer Part Number	Unit Phoing to Supply Marketal	Total Unit Supply and Invali Price (cili be referred to for addition purposes only)	Total Unit Supply and Install Pfice (cill be used for dealton purposes)
Wire	-	-					
Paige 18 AWG, 2-pair shielded wire or approved equal (weather station)	max 20 6M	line ar metre	Paige				
PE142 ANO Special Irrigation control uire (red) (weather station)	max 205M		Paige				
PE14 AMO control wire or approved equal (feld wire)		line ar metre					
PE12 AWG Common wire or approved equal (white only)		line ar metre					
RWU-90 XLPE 14 AWO Tracer size - or approved equal (yellow only)	-	line ar metre					
NM/W/U 12/2 eire - ôlack only	-	line ar metre					
NBMWU 10/2 wire - 8 lask only	_	line ar metre					
NMMINU ICP wire - black only NMMINU ICP wire - black only		line ar metre					
NBRWU 4/2 wire - black only		line ar metre					
NMTRRU 2/2 wire - Dlack only		line ar metre					
1.0 eine TWU - all three conducts-ry		line ar metre					
Valves							•
AVX:300mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve NRS (AMWA C-509) MJxMJ olu restraints		each	Mueller				
AVX 250mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve NRS (AWWA C509) MJxMJ ofe restraints		eath	Mueller				
AVX 200mm Resitant Wedge Gate Valve NRS (AMNIA C-500) M.JxM.J ofe restraints		each	Moeller				
AVX: 150mm Resitant Wedge Gate Valve NRS (ARMIX C-509) M.JxMJ ofe restraints	_	490h	Mueller				
AVX: 100mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve NRS (AMWA C-509) MJvMJ olv restraints	-	430	Mueller			-	
AVX:75mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve NRS (AWWA.C-509) MJxMJ c/u restraints	-	each	Mueller				
AVK 100mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve (AWWAC-509) push-on or A.E.		eath	Mueller	-			
AVX 75mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve (AWWA C-509) push-on or A.E.	_	each	Mueller				
AVX: 50mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve (AWMR C-509) push-on or A.E. Mueller 50mm Resilant Wedge Gate Valve (AWMR C-509) thd x thd	_	each each	Mueller Mueller				
(25mm (1") Lazor True Union* Store Plastic valve Ductile Iron Fittings and Restraints		420	Lasco/Colonial				a.
			2				
Sigma 350 DMS (Short Steeve) or A.E. S.O. threaded for d.(2.UM)		unit price	Sigma migs				
S& Mystie bot or A.E.		unit price	Max				
Haros 37x37x3* tee D.I.		63	Haron				
Haros 3%3%2.6" (see D.).		12	Harco				,
Haroo 37x37x3" tee DJ.		+2	Harco				
Harto 71:0"90*eBow DJ.		43	Haroo				
Harro 4'x4'x4' tee DJ.	-	- 12	Haroo				
Haros 40x40x3" tee D.J.	-	63	Harco				
Harco-ForFig2.6" tee D.I.	-	4.0	Haros				
Harco 4"x4"x2" tee DJ.	-	43	Harco				
Haroo 2'x3" 90" elbo e DJ.	_	43	Harco				
Harco 37x3" 46*elbow DJ. Harco 37x3" 22.6*elbow DJ.		63	Haroo Haroo				
Haro f'ef' 90*ebox DJ.		**	Haron				
Harco d'od' 45*elbow D.J.		42	Haroo				
Harto 4'x4' 22.5*elbow DJ.		12	Harco				
Harco 4'x1.5" Tao Tee D.L (GxGxACME)		43	Harco				
Harco 4'x2" Tap Tee D.I. (0x0xFIPT)		43	Harco				
Harco 4'x1" Tap Tee D.L (GxGxFIPT)	_	43	Haroo				
Harco 2" valve-to-pipe restraint	-	43	Harco				
Haros 2.6" value to feling restrains	-	- 63	Haros				
Haros 3" valve-to-fitting restrains	-	43	Haroo				
Harco 4" valve-to-fitting restraint	_	43	Harco Harco				
Harco 2" fiting-to-valve-pipe restraint Harco 2.5" fiting-to-valve-pipe restraint		43	Harco				
Haroo 3" fizing to valve pipe re-straint		43	Haros				
Harco of fitting to valve pipe restrains		43	Haroo				
Harco 4" pipe gipe restraint or approved equal		43	Harco				
Haroo 4" Khudde restraint		113	Harco				
Haroo 3" Nivudde restraint		43	Harco				
Haros 2.6" Khuside restraint		63	Haros				
Haroo 2" Kivudile restraint		63	Harco				
Miscellaneous							
50mm (2") A.R.I. Combination Air Valve Assembly c/le valve and strainer		43	AR.I				
Drip Irrigation Assembly Complete	_	43					
1" Ouick Coupler		63					
12" Standard Rectangular Valve Box		63					
Jumbo Restangular Valve Box	_	43					
10" Round Valve Box		43					
6"Round Valve Box		43					

Questions?



Brian Vinchesi

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Pay Me Now or Pay Me
....Later?

or Forever?

Brian E. Vinchesi, FASIC, EIT, LEED-AP, CID, CIC, CLIA, CGIA, CWM-L



ADDITIONAL COSTS

- Consultants tend to use better products that cost more money that many contractors and cost estimators miss.
- For example:
 - Pressure Regulation
 - Flow Control
 - Isolation
 - Mainline, Lateral, Valve
 - Quick Couplers
 - Single Strand Wire



WIRE CONNECTORS

Lots of choices but are the choices all the same?

■ UL 486D Listed





VALVE BOXES

- Residential Grade
- Commercial Grade
- Plastic or Concrete
- Detection
- Bolt Down Covers
- Specialty Boxes
- H20 Loading



CONTROLLERS

- Conventional
 - Features
- Smart
 - Climate or Soil Moisture Based
- Costs
- Surge Protection Grounding





SOIL MOISTURE SENSORS

- Safety
 - Off Switch
 - Adjustable Moisture Level
- Monitor and Tracking
- Water Management
- LEED





URBAN TREES

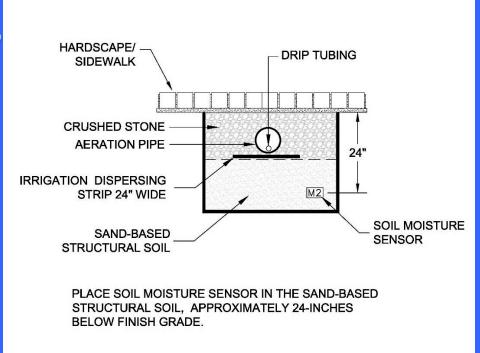
- Typically tree irrigation has been done with spray sprinklers or bubblers which use large amounts of water.
- Drip rings have also been used.
- Newer technologies include drip stakes which do a better job of applying water directly to the root ball at lower application rates.



DRIP IRRIGATION UNDER PAVEMENT

- Drip tubing in aeration pipe
- Stakes zoned separately from future root propagation area
- Additional benefit of adding air and fertilizer
- No run-off
- Little impact on existing roots
- Rarely costed correctly

Aeration Pipe with Irrigation



LEED

- Can add considerable cost to the system for :
 - Better products
 - Smart Technology
 - Higher Installation Costs
 - Alternative water Supplies
 - Logic



ODD SYSTEMS



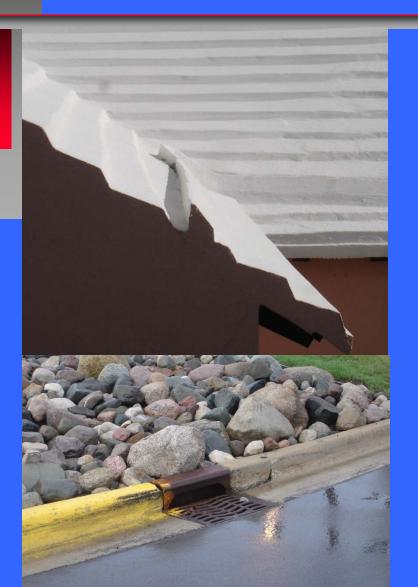
LARGE SYSTEMS

Larger systems require more expensive components:

• Material, Size, Life Expectancy, Installation Installation Expertise



ALTERNATIVE WATER SOURCES



- Various sources:
 - Rainwater
 - Storm Water
 - Waste Treatment
- Need to minimize contaminants
- Treatment is Expensive!!
- A place that everyone likes to VE but not a place you can/should do it

TANKING

- A place to make lots errors
 - Sizing
 - Material
 - Installation
- Logic





TANKING

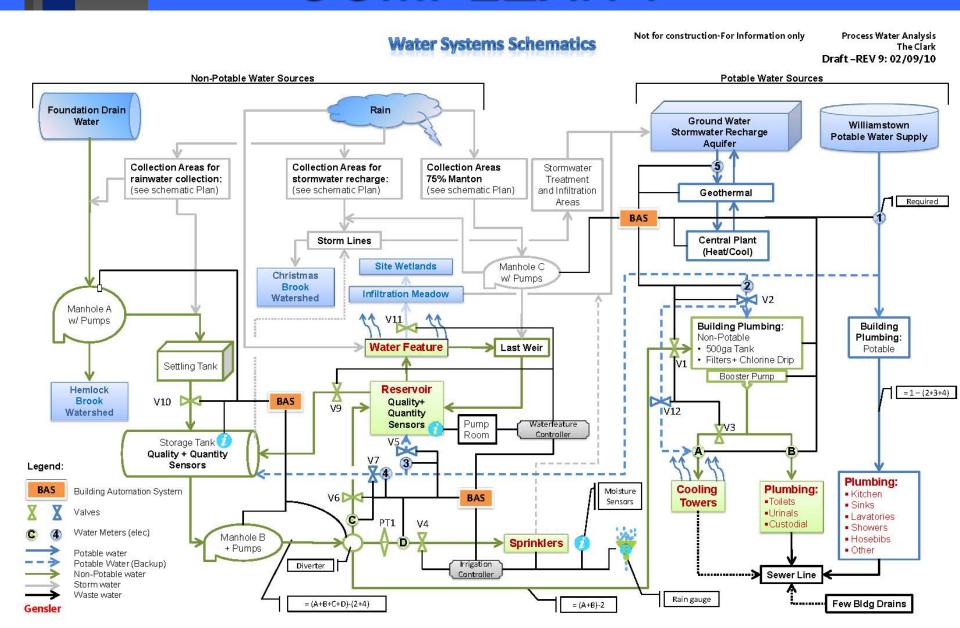
COST!





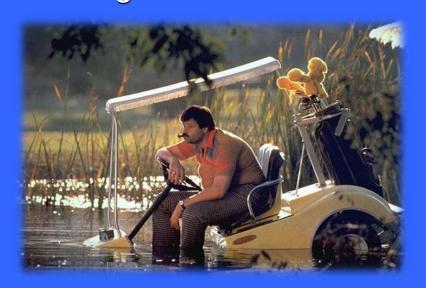


COMPLEXITY



BUDGETING

- Commercial irrigation system budgeting is usually done in a vacuum.
- The cost estimator or General Contractor gives it a number based on square footage that is usually way too high or way too low.
- Then when they get the pricing they wonder why the Contractor is so high.



BUDGETING

- A typical Contractor's traditional practice is to use the cost of materials times a multiplier.
- Higher end Contractors may look at actual material, labor, equipment and overhead costs.
- Professional cost estimators have a tendency to use square footage rules but many don't have a clue.



COSTS

- Use square foot pricing when no design
- Per Square Foot
 - Conventional \$1.50
 - More Intense \$2.,50
 - Under Paver \$3.00
 - Green Roof \$3.50
- Use material take offs with multiplier when have design
- Use sprinkler multiplier for golf plus all other costs



VALUE ENGINEERING

- UGH!
- Consultants hate it!
 - Manufacturers hate it!
- Many Contractors embrace it or promote it.
- Owners' don't understand it!
 - "Include Nibco T-113
 gate valves with Matco or
 equiv. (Sizes 1, 1 1/2, 2
 only), after above
 reduction in valves."

"I'm sending you this note to hopefully explain why the butt fused pipe that is spec'd for the irrigation mainline is unnecessary....."

I have been in the irrigation industry for 18 years installing systems from a 20 head residential to a 1000 head plus commercial system drawn and spec'd by professional design firms and have never been asked to install butt fused pipe. The butt fused pipe option is rarely, if ever required for irrigation, at least in New England. So, the equipment and expertise is not necessary to be a successful irrigation contractor in New England.

INSTALLER QUALIFICATIONS

- The installer selected plays a large role in the long term costs of the irrigation system.
- Many times specification installer qualifications are not enforced.
- This is especially an issue with public work.
- Submittals are a "sign" of what is to come.
- Hard to assign a \$ figure to poor installation.



OTHER COSTS

Water

How much is saved or wasted?

Energy

- How much energy is being used?
- Alternative water sources are energy inefficient in most cases.

Maintenance

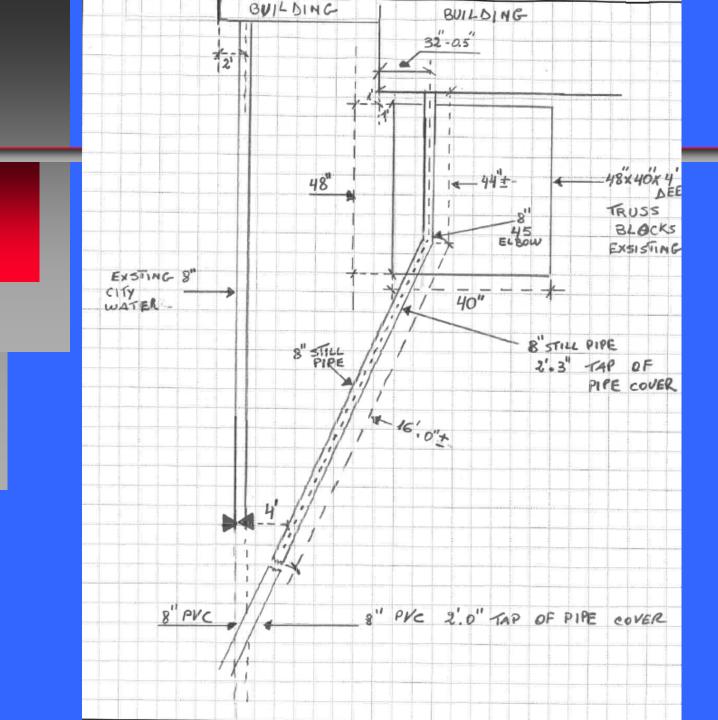
 How much additional maintenance is required based on the materials selected and the design?



















QUESTIONS



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Who's on First?

Delineation of Trades
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Design/Coordination/Construction Gap

- The Responsibility and Limit of Work of the Irrigation Consultant and Irrigation Contractor
- MEP Role
- Plumbers and Electricians Role
- Architect and GC Role
- Who has jurisdiction?









Examples

- Commercial Buildings
- Green Roofs
- Green Walls/Interior Landscape
- Perimeter Landscape
- Pumping Systems
- Reclaimed Water

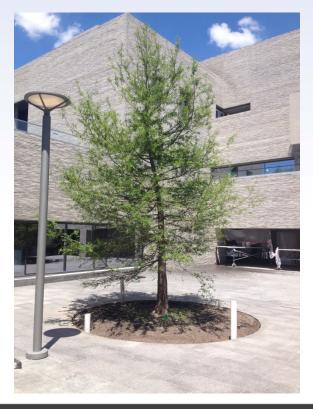








Commercial Buildings











Green Roofs











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Green Walls











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Other??





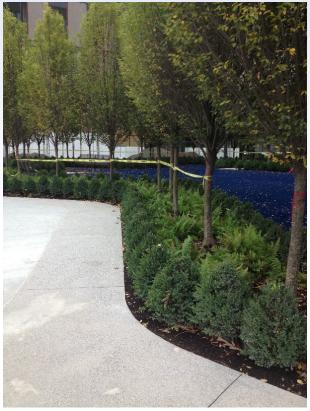






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Perimeter Landscape











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Irrigation Pump Systems











Generally Speaking

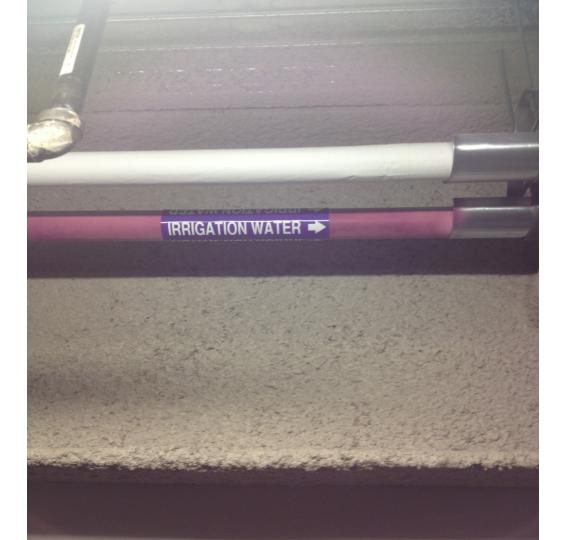
- Plumbing Work Stops 5-Feet From Exterior Wall
 - Extend beyond the perimeter drain
 - Perceived to be IAPMO jurisdiction from this point inward (into the building)
- All interior plumbing installed by plumber
 - Design by plumbing engineer with close consultation with irrigation consultant











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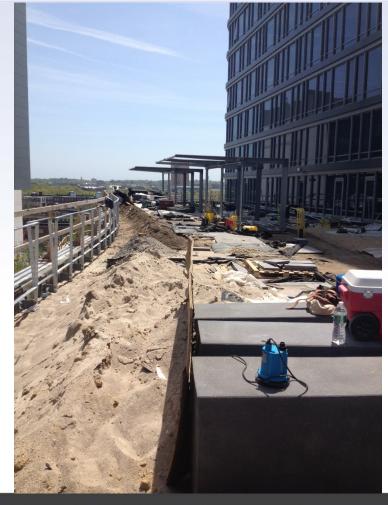








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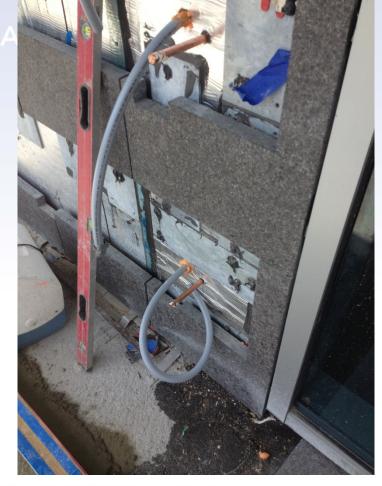


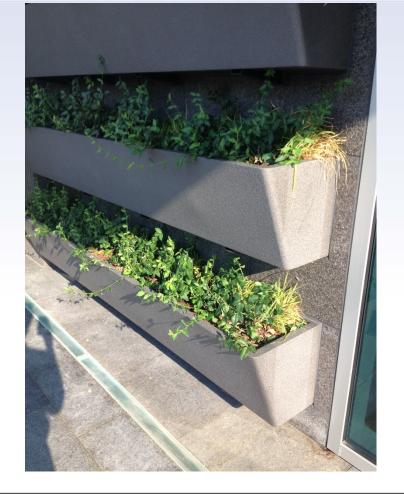












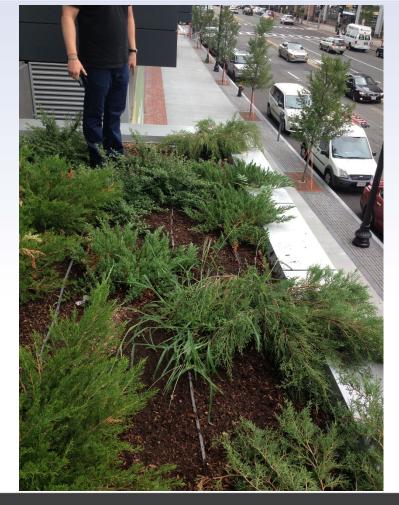




















Interior Pumps

- Interior irrigation pumps installed by plumbers and mechanical contractors (Procurement by Irrigation Contractor)
 - Design/specification by irrigation consultant with close consultation with plumbing and electrical engineers
 - MEP does not have the experience in living landscapes and soils









Rain Harvesting/Reclaimed Water

- Interior Storage Tank
- Roof Runoff
- HVAC Condensate
- 2018 Green Construction Code
 - No potable water for vegetative roofs (Model Code)









Rain Harvesting/Reclaimed Water













Rain Harvesting/Reclaimed Water

- Interior storage tank design recommended to be designed by the MEP Engineers
- Tank sizing by irrigation consultant based on landscape water demand and supply inputs provided by MEP Engineers.









- Best to have the MEP engineers take responsibility for backflow prevention and any primary water meters.
- Secondary irrigation/sub-meters specified by the irrigation consultant
 - Sub-meters often communicate directly with irrigation controllers and/or irrigation pump controls
 - LEED Requirements







Electrical

- Generally speaking (Massachusetts), all interior wiring conduits/routing by the electrical engineers/designers with input from the irrigation consultant
- Low voltage wiring within the building (in conduit) specified by irrigation consultant
- Plenum rated wire in some instances
- All interior 120-volt and above wiring by electrical engineers/designers









Electrical

- Irrigation consultant must know all electrical needs of his/her equipment for proper coordination with electrical designers:
 - Pump system power (phase, voltage and current demand)
 - Irrigation controller power
 - Irrigation controller low voltage wiring (two wire or individual station wiring) and the destination of all low voltage branch circuits
 - Ethernet
 - BAS/BMIS
 - Antennas
 - Rain/Weather Sensors
- One line diagram is recommended









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Exceptions











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Trade delineations vary by

- State
- Local jurisdiction
- Client









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Consultant's responsibility

- Who is to do what?
- Labor source
 - Open shop
 - Prevailing wage
 - Union
- Trades involved
- Permits required









Consultant's responsibility











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Contractor's Responsibilities in Preparing Bid

Read the specifications











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Contractor's Responsibilities in Preparing Bid

- Read the specifications
- Understanding labor source, what trades are involved and their requirements
- Notify consultant of any problems, errors or unreal expectations









AASIC Irrigation Contractor can be:

- Prime Contractor General Contractor
- 1st Tier Sub to General Contractor
- 2nd Tier Sub to Site Contractor or Plumber
- 3rd Tier Sub to Landscaper Contractor



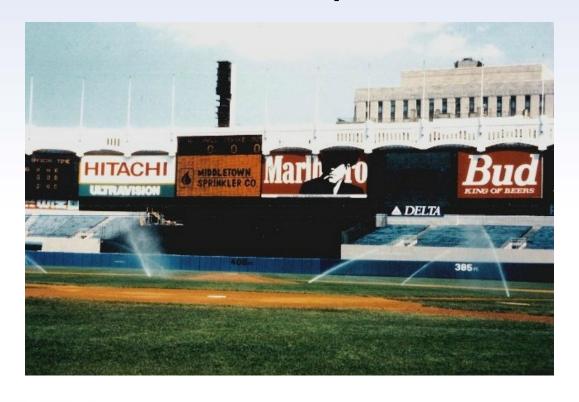






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Contractor Responsibilities











Potential Trades Involved

- Surveyors
- Teamsters
- Operating Engineers
- Iron Workers
- Plumbers

- Electricians
- Laborers
- Masons
- Elevator Operators
- Others?









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Potential Trades Involved











Potential Trades Involved

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

VOL 1 .- NO. 1.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 8, 1889.

PRICE TWO CENTS:

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

PUBLISHED daily, except Sundays and Stock Exchange helidays, at 3.15

SUBSCRIPTION Price, \$5.63 per annum. Delivered by carrier without charge, to subscribers of our regular news service. Reduced rates to bethere and brokers taking a number of copies for mailing. Postage charged on copies andered for mailing abroad. All sobseriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS 20 cents now line. Special rates to advertisees taking anare for one, three, six or twelve martha. Advertisements may be changed. as often as derived without charge.

DOW, JONES & CO.,

26 BROAD STREET,

Average Movement of Prices.

The bull market of 1685 began July 2, with the average price of 12 active stocks 6), 49

stocks selling at 93.27.

point to another, follows:	
Last live point	Apr. 12 1866, 7
Rallied to	
Declined to	June 13. " 7
Rallied to	Ave. E 8
Declined to	Aug. 18, " 8
Rallied to	Oct. 1, " 8
Declined to	Dec. 5. 11 8
Hallied to	Feb. 16, 1669, 8
Declined to	Mar. 16, " 8
Rallied to	June 17, ** 9
Closed Sat. night	July 6, w 8

The Market To-Day.

There is some reason for believing that operators identified with the bear party sent early orders to London to depress 5.30 was quoted as opening weak and as having become very bles at the meeting to moreow. Some sort of plas to take care weak. Proces, however, were only a little below New York, C. B. & N. will be convolent, and it is believed that it C. B. & N. as the convolent, a general settlement will be closinff figures.

London houses were, however, sellers at the opening, and there developed a decided lack of buyers. Lake Shore for Sales of stocks from 12 to 1-Listed 47,426; unlisted

Boston special.—The Post's table of clearings shows gross suchanges of 41 cities for the week ending July 6, 1889. The rise culminated May 18, 1867, with the same twelve \$1,177, 114,021, against \$383,003,314 hat year, an inc. of 27.54 cks selling at \$3.27. New York inc. 37.35. Prices grabually declined for about a year, reaching the Boron 27.9, Philadelphia 6.3, 32 Louis, 33.6, San Francisco next extreme law point Appl 9, 1888 the 12 stocks selling at 18. Cincinnati 7.2, Kansas City 27.5, New Orleans 3.1, St. Paul 52.8. The moreovent since then, counting from one terming 2. Grapha 39.5, Minneapolis 1.6, Patrott 2. Denicer 32.5, point to another, follows:

Process grabually declined for about a year, reaching at 18. Cincinnati 7.2, Kansas City 27.5, New Orleans 3.1, St. Paul 18. Cincinnati 7.2, New Orlea 138 Chicago dec. 56. Milwaukee 1.6, Duluth 46 6 and Topeka 4.9.

For the month of June exchanges of 40 cities show an in-7 12 crease of 22.25. Outside of New York increase 9.35. New 5.95. York increase 30.35. Beston 18.85. Philadelphia 12.15. Chicago 0.78 0.15. St. Louis 18.95, San Francisco 2.75, Kanus City 0.45, St. 18.10 Paul 2.15, Omaha 20.85, Denver 26.65, Peoria 22.85, Pt. 18.86 Worth 475, Topoka 28.45, Dulinih decrease 43.55.

IT 77 For 6 montre gross exchanges of 60 cities abow an increase IS 50 of 13.85 Outside of New York increase 11.95 New York IS 36 intrease 18.76 Boston 11.85 Philadelphia 15.95 Chicago 7.65. 2.71 St. Leuis 8.56, Sun Francisco 1.96, Kansas City 11.36, Omaha-19.56, Denver 38.96, Peoria 17.55, Duluth 12.66, Pt. Worth 31.8g. Topeka 31.4g.

Bankers Exerting Their Power.

Chicago special-It'is stated on excellent authority that Americans in that market as a preparation for the opening the Western presidents are getting positive orders from New 10th, at 3 o'clock p. m. and ecopen Members. These orders were faithfully executed, and London at Yurk and Buston banking houses to settle the Western trop. 627, July 13th, at 10 o'clock a. m. here These orders were faithfully executed, and London at York and Boston banking frozen to settle the Western trou-

GILDER, FARR & CO. Bankers and Brokers

31 & 33 BROAD STREET. NEW YORK.

Stucks and Bands Bought and Sold on Commission PEALESS OF DOCUMENT SPECIFICS.

OFFICE OF THE ASPEN MINING & SWELTING COMPANY. No. 54 Wall fie. New York, July 8th, 1686

The 9th regular monthly dividend as twenty cents per share has this day been declared on the stock of this Company (200,000 shares) payable at the office of the Company on and after the 17th day of July to stockholders of record. Trans fer books will close Wednesday, July

J. L. TILTON, Secretary CENTRAL RAMEROAD CO. OF NEW JERSEY 119 Liberry Street, New York, July & 1880. A dividend of one and a half per cent.



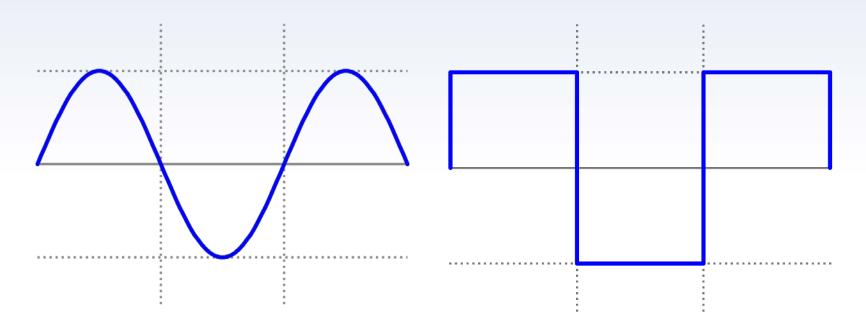






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Gray Areas











AASIC Contractor's Responsibilities After Award

- Business Agent
- Shop Stewart
- Foreman
- Journeyman
- Apprentice











AASIC Contractor's Responsibilities After Award

- Business Agent
- Shop Stewart
- Foreman
- Journeyman
- Apprentice











Thank You!









